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PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	01/01/07	AND ENDING 1	12/31/07
_	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: AXES	AMERICA, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
420 LEXINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 2	25		
	(No. and Street)		
NEW YORK, NY 10170			
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI HAJIME SAGAWA	ERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS RE	PORT (212) 922-1795
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT V BERSON+CORRADO INTEGRATED FINANCIAL SO	•		
05 WEST 1000 STREET OUT 000		•	
25 WEST 43RD STREET, SUITE 920 (Address)	(City)	RECD'S	E.C. (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		FEB 2	S 2008
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant		<u></u>	503
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its posse	ssions.	PROCESSED
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	1448 44
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

ı, HAJIME SAGAWA	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanyin AXES AMERICA, LLC	g financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of, as
of DECEMBER 31	, 20 07 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, propolassified solely as that of a customer, exce	rietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account ept as follows:
MY COMMISSION	WESTFORT OUR 10D 563480 Une 13, 2010 V Public Underwriters
Notar Public This report ** contains (check all applicable)	V Title
☑ (a) Facing Page.☑ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial	Condition.
	ders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
 (h) Computation for Determination of □ (i) Information Relating to the Posses □ (j) A Reconciliation, including approp 	Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. sion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. briate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
•	the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. ted and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental	
(n) A report describing any material ina	adequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

AXES AMERICA, LLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Facing Page	1
An Oath or Affirmation	2
Report of Independent Auditor's	3
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Statement of Income	5
Statement of Changes in Members' Capital	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5 of	
The Securities and Exchange Commission	
Schedule of Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate	
Indebtedness Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities & Exchange Commission	13
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements	
Under SEC Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	14
Independent Auditor's Supplementary Report on Internal Control	15



Report of Independent Auditor's

To the Members Axes America, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Axes America, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in members' capital and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provided a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of Axes America, LLC at December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Berson +Corrado

New York, New York February 26, 2008

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	DEC	DECEMBER 31,	
		2007	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,549,681	
Investments, at market		2,500	
Other assets		12,620	
Total assets	\$	3,564,801	
Liabilities and capital Accounts payable and accrued expenses Advance from customer	\$	145,012 929,293	
Total liabilities		1,074,305	
Capital			
Members' capital		2,490,496	
Total liabilities and capital	\$	3,564,801	

STATEMENT OF INCOME

		FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007	
Revenues			
Investment advisory fees	\$	7,524,669	
Interest and dividend income		138,318	
Miscellaneous income		35,000	
Realized gain on investments		57,829	
Unrealized loss on investments		(36,696)	
Total revenues		7,719,120	
Expenses			
General and administrative		297,686	
Professional fees		2,449,042	
Advisory fees		2,099,900	
Total expenses		4,846,628	
Income before income taxes		2,872,492	
Income tax expense		(114,294)	
Net income	<u> </u>	2,758,198	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' CAPITAL

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED <u>DECEMBER 31, 2007</u>		
Members' Capital at January 1, 2007	\$	309,424	
Net income		2,758,198	
Distributions		(577,126)	
Members' Capital at December 31, 2007	\$	2,490,496	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007		
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net income	\$	2,758,198	
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided			
by operating activities			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in investments, at market		73,896	
Increase in other assets		(293)	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses		10,265	
Decrease in advances from customer		(814,502)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,027,564	
Cash flow from financing activities			
Member distributions		(577,126)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(577,126)	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,450,438	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		2,099,243	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	<u>\$</u>	3,549,681	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 1 - Organization and Business Activity

Axes America, LLC (the "Company") was formed in the state of Delaware on February 14, 1997. The Company will continue indefinitely unless it is earlier terminated in accordance with the Limited Liability Company Agreement by a majority of the common interest of the members or pursuant to the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act. Effective May 28, 1998 (commencement of operations), the Company obtained registration as a broker-dealer pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

The Company acts as an introducing broker for securities transactions initiated by an affiliated entity. All transactions for its customers are cleared through and carried by a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and of major national securities exchanges on a fully disclosed basis. Accordingly, customer positions are not reflected in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Revenue Recognition - Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur. Private placement fees are recognized as earned upon the completion of the related services.

In addition, the Company provides certain private placement and product development services to affiliated and non-affiliated entities. Fees for such services are either a fixed amount, or based upon a percentage of the assets involved in the transaction.

Fixed Assets - Items capitalized as fixed assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets: equipment, three years, and furniture and fixtures, seven years.

Income Taxes - The Company does not record a provision for Federal or State income taxes because the individual members report their share of the Company's income or loss on their personal income tax returns. The Company does record a provision for New York City Unincorporated Business Tax.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - The fair market value of financial instruments recognized in the statement of financial condition is based on quoted market values.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company sold 2,400 shares of The Nasdaq Market, Inc. (NASD) stock.

Investments at December 31, 2007 consist of 250 shares of Class A Series 7 preferred stock in China Online, Inc.

The following is a summary of investments as of December 31, 2007:

				Gross realized	Fair
Investments:	Cc	st (<u> </u>	Losses)	Value
Preferred stock	\$	2,500 \$	<u></u> \$		\$ 2,500
	<u>.\$</u> _	2,500 \$	<u> \$</u>	<u></u>	2,500

Note 3 - Member Allocations, Distributions, and Withdrawals

Net income is allocated to the members' capital accounts in proportion to each member's respective ownership interest in the Company.

Cash distributions may be made at the discretion of the Company's elected managers. During 2007, the total amount of distributions totaled \$577,126.

On January 31, 2007, a majority member withdrew and transferred his ownership interest to the remaining member and a new member, the managing member's wholly owned company Sagawa & Co, LLC. Subsequent to his withdrawal, the former member was paid his capital balance of \$577,126.

Note 4 - Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$2,445,219, which was \$2,345,219 in excess of the required minimum capital of \$100,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .44 to 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

Under the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement, managers may receive compensation for services rendered. During 2007, managers received \$12,000 of compensation expense for such services.

Note 6 - Commitments

The Company occupies office space under a lease agreement that expires in April 2011. Future minimum obligations under non-cancelable operating leases at December 31, 2007, are as follows:

2008	\$ 60,785
2009	62,304
2010	63,862
2011	21,462
Total	\$ 208,413

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2007, is approximately \$59,000.

Note 7 – Significant Contracts

Consulting Agreement - In February 2007, the Company entered into a general consulting service agreement with a former member of the Company for a monthly fee of \$500 plus out of pocket expenses and a discretionary performance fee for 2007, to be determined by the Company. On December 10, 2007 at a special meeting of the members, the performance fee for the former member was determined to be \$2,418,511. This fee was paid prior to the year end.

Advisor Agreement - On June 5, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with Olympus Corporation (the "Client") whereas the Company assisted the Client as its financial advisor and agent. Upon the anniversary of the original agreement, June 5, 2007, the Client paid an additional fee of \$2,000,000 to the Company. Effective June 20, 2007, the Company entered into an amended and restated renewal agreement with the Client whereas the Company will continue to assist the Client as its financial advisor and agent.

The terms of the agreement entitles the Company to certain payments upon the announcement of a transaction with a third party (cash compensation amount) as well as future contingent payments (Paid-In-Kind compensation amount) upon the consummation of a transaction with a third party, as defined in the contract.

The agreement may be terminated by the Client by giving written notice. Upon termination of the agreement the Company shall repay any amount still held on account for disbursements to the Client, as described in Note 8.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 7 – Significant Contracts (continued)

In December 2007, a Transaction with a third party was announced and the Company collected a cash compensation amount of \$12,000,000. A portion of the cash compensation amount is being held in escrow upon completion of the transaction, as described below.

Sub-advisor Agreement - In September 2007, in connection with its advisor contract with Olympus Corporation, the Company entered into a sub-advisor agreement with Perella Weinberg Partners ("PW") whereas PW will assist the Company as its financial advisor in the Company's capacity as investment advisor to Olympus Corporation in connection with a proposed transaction.

The Company agreed to pay a monthly retainer from "advances for disbursements" as described in Note 8. In addition, upon the announcement of the Transaction in December 2007, the Company paid PW \$2,094,900.

There is also a final payment due to PW in the amount of 3,250,000 GBP if the Transaction is completed in 2008. On December 31, 2007, the Company deposited \$6,475,331 into an escrow account held by its attorney to satisfy the potential completion fee. If the Transaction is consummated, these funds will be released to PW. If the Transaction is not consummated, the Company will be entitled to the funds held in escrow.

Note 8 - Advances

During 2006 the Company entered into an agreement with Olympus Corporation (the "Client") as described in Note 7. Upon the signing of the agreement, the Client paid \$2 million to the Company on account for disbursements incurred or to be incurred. The disbursements include reasonable fees and expenses of counsel. Upon termination of the agreement the Company shall pay back to the Client the remaining balance of the advances. As of December 31, 2007, the balance was \$929,293.

Note 9 - Income Taxes

The income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2007:

Local:

Current

\$

114,340

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 10 - Concentrations

During the year ended December 31, 2007, 100% of revenue was earned from one company.

Cash held by financial institutions which exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limits expose the Company to concentrations of credit risk. Balances, throughout the year, exceed the maximum coverage provided by the FDIC on insured depositor accounts.

Note 11 -Other Financial Information

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

Cash paid during the year for

Taxes

\$ 116,769

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

On December 10, 2007, at a special meeting of the members, a resolution to make tax distributions in the amount of \$1,700,000 was made. The funds were distributed on January 29, 2008.

In November 2007, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") conducted a routine examination of the Company's books and records. As of the date of this report, the examination has been completed but the Company has not received a final determination letter. The Company is confident of a favorable outcome.

In January 2008, FINRA conducted a routine examination of the Company's books and records. As of the date of this report, the examination is ongoing and the Company is confident of a favorable outcome.

SCHEDULE OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1

	DEC	EMBER 31,
		2007
Computation of net capital		
Total members' capital from statement of fincancial condition	\$	2,490,496
Deductions: Non-allowable assets Investments - not readily marketable Other assets		2,500 12,620
Net capital before haircuts	\$	2,475,376
Other securities	\$	30,157
Net capital	\$	2,445,219
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
Minimum net capital requires (6-2/3% of aggregated indebtness)		71,620
Minimum dollar net capital requirement		100,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above)		100,000
Excess net capital	\$	2,345,219
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Advances	\$	145,012 929,293
Aggregate indebtedness	\$	1,074,305
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.44:1.0

There are no material differences between the computation of net capital presented above and the computation of net capital reported in the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5, Part II-A as of December 31, 2007.

AXES AMERICA, LLC (A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY) COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMNENTS UNDER RULE 15C3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **DECEMBER 31, 2007** The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the Rule.



Independent Auditor's Supplementary Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Members Axes America, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Axes America, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of difference required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of them to future periods are subject to the risk that may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berson + Corrado

New York, New York February 26, 2008

